

Math 17B  
Vogler  
Discussion Sheet 2

1.) Sketch the graph of  $y = 3x^2 + 2$  on the interval  $[0, 1]$ . Consider the area of the region below the graph and above  $[0, 1]$ . Use the limit definition of a definite integral to find the exact area of the region.

2.) Use the limit definition of a definite integral to evaluate  $\int_{-1}^2 (x^2 - 2x + 1) dx$ .

3.) Determine the following indefinite integrals. Do not use u-substitution.

a.)  $\int x^2(x + 1) dx$     b.)  $\int (e^x + 2^x) dx$     c.)  $\int 2x \cos(x^2) dx$   
d.)  $\int \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^3} dx$     e.)  $\int \frac{x^2 + 1}{x + 3} dx$     f.)  $\int \frac{x^2}{x^3 + 1} dx$

4.) Evaluate the following definite integrals. Do not use u-substitution.

a.)  $\int_4^9 \frac{1}{x^2} dx$     b.)  $\int_0^1 3^{x+1} dx$     c.)  $\int_1^2 \frac{(x + 1)^2}{x} dx$   
d.)  $\int_0^5 \sqrt{x + 4} dx$     e.)  $\int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/4} \cos(3x) dx$     f.)  $\int_{-1}^0 \frac{x^2}{x - 1} dx$   
g.)  $\int_0^{\sqrt{\ln 3}} x e^{x^2} dx$     h.)  $\int_0^{\ln 2} \frac{e^x}{e^x + 1} dx$     i.)  $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{e^x} dx$   
j.)  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos x e^{\sin x} dx$     k.)  $\int_{-1}^1 3x^2 \cdot 5^{x^3} dx$     l.)  $\int_0^{\pi/12} 5 \sec^2 3x dx$

5.) Differentiate each :    a.)  $F(x) = \int_{-1}^{3x} \sqrt{1 + t^2} dt$     b.)  $F(x) = \int_{\tan x}^{\sec x} 5^{t^2} dt$

6.) Find an equation of the line perpendicular to the graph of

a.)  $F(x) = 3 + \int_0^x 2e^{t^2} dt$  at  $x = 0$ .  
b.)  $F(x) = \int_{2x}^{x^2} \sqrt{t^2 + 5} dt$  at  $x = 2$ .

7.) Find the average value of each of the following functions over the given interval. Draw a sketch showing the connection between your answer and the definite integral.

a.)  $f(x) = x^3 + 1$  on  $[-1, 1]$     b.)  $f(x) = 5 + \sqrt{x}$  on  $[0, 4]$

8.) If  $\int_{-2}^1 f(x) dx = 3$  and  $\int_{-2}^3 f(x) dx = -2$ . What is the value of  $\int_3^1 f(x) dx$  ?

9.) A long and thin corn stalk is 100 inches long. Its density  $x$  inches from its base is given by  $f(x) = 2 - (1/100)x$  ounces per inch. Set up a definite integral and compute the exact weight of the corn stalk.

10.) Consider the region  $R$  enclosed by the graphs of the given functions. Describe each region  $R$  using

i.) vertical cross-sections.

ii.) horizontal cross-sections.

a.)  $y = 2x$ ,  $x = 4$ , and  $y = 0$

b.)  $y = e^x$ ,  $x = 0$ , and  $y = e^2$

c.)  $y = 2/x$ ,  $y = 2x$ , and  $x = 4$

d.)  $y = 2x$ ,  $y = (1/2)x$ , and  $y = 6 - x$

e.)  $y = x^2$  and  $y = 4x + 5$

11.) Find the area of the region bounded by the graphs of the given equations.

a.)  $y = x$ ,  $y = 2x$ , and  $x = 2$

b.)  $y = e^x$ ,  $x = 0$ , and  $y = 2$

c.)  $x = y^2$  and  $x = 9$

d.)  $y = x$ ,  $y = 0$ ,  $y = 2$ , and  $y = (1/2)x - 2$

12.) Assume that  $f$  is an odd function and  $\int_{-2}^1 f(x) dx = 3$ . What is the value of  $\int_{-1}^{-2} f(x) dx$  ?

13.) The speed  $s$  (in miles per hour) of a jogger at time  $t$  (in hours) is given by  $s(t) = t + \sqrt{t}$ .

a.) Find the jogger's average speed between  $t = 0$  hrs. and  $t = 4$  hrs.

b.) Find the total distance traveled by the jogger between  $t = 0$  hrs. and  $t = 4$  hrs.

14.) A heavy snow begins to fall at Squaw Valley Ski Resort. If snow falls at time  $t$  hours at the rate of  $(1/2)t + 1$  in./hr. for  $t \geq 0$ , then what is the total accumulated snowfall for  $t = 0$  to  $t = 8$  hours ?

15.) Find the volume of the solid formed by revolving each region bounded by the given graphs about the given axis.

a.)  $y = x^2 - 1$  and the  $x$ -axis about the  $x$ -axis

b.)  $y = \sqrt{x}$ ,  $y = 0$ , and  $x = 4$  about the  $x$ -axis

c.)  $y = \sqrt{x}$ ,  $y = 0$ , and  $x = 4$  about the  $y$ -axis

d.)  $y = 3x$ ,  $y = 6$ , and  $x = 0$  about the  $x$ -axis

e.)  $y = 2x$ ,  $y = 5 - (1/2)x$ , and  $y = 0$  about the  $y$ -axis

f.)  $y = x^2$  and  $y = x + 2$  about the line  $y = 4$

g.)  $y = x^2$  and  $y = x^3$  about the line  $y = 2$

h.)  $y = x^2$  and  $y = x^3$  about the line  $y = -1$

i.)  $y = x^2$  and  $y = x^3$  about the line  $x = 3$

j.)  $y = x^2$  and  $y = x^3$  about the line  $x = -2$

16.) Find the length of each graph on the given interval.

a.)  $y = x^{3/2}$  on the interval  $[0, 4]$     b.)  $y = (2/3)(x^2 + 1)^{3/2}$  on the interval  $[0, 2]$

c.  $y = \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{1}{8x^2}$  on the interval  $[2, 4]$

d.)  $y = (1/2)(e^x + e^{-x})$  on the interval  $[0, \ln 2]$

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THE FOLLOWING PROBLEM IS FOR RECREATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY.

15.) Count the total number of squares (including overlapping squares) in the following diagram.

